



Yellow Toadflax (Linaria vulgaris)

Description

A perennial that reproduces primarily by sprouting from its extensive, creeping root system (rhizomes). Stems are erect, hairless, generally unbranched and can grow to 1 m tall. Mature plants may have 1 to 25 stems. Leaves are soft, lance-shaped, pale green, and very numerous. Leaves are mainly alternate but may appear opposite on the lower stem due to crowding. Leaves can be up to 10 cm long and are attached directly to the stem. Flowers are bright yellow, arranged alternately in dense spikes at the ends of stems and have a long spur extending from the base that is usually as long as the flower itself - in all, to 3.5 cm long. The snapdragonlike flowers can have orange coloring on the throat. The seeds are winged, disk-shaped, and dark brown to black.



- ✓ Creeping roots
- ✓ Narrow lance shaped leaves
- ✓ Yellow snap dragon like flowers

Location in Canada

Yellow Toadflax has been reported in all Canadian provinces, with the exception of Nunavat.

Resources

http://www.invasiveplants.ab.ca/Downloads/FS-CommonToadflax.pdf http://plants.usda.gov/java/profile?symbol=LIVU2

Similar species

Dalmation toadflax (*Linaria dalmatica*) is similar in appearance, but has heart-shaped, clasping leaves, and is generally a larger plant.

Leafy spurge (*Euphorbia esula*) before flowering can easily be mistaken for yellow toadflax, but stems do not contain the milky latex that spurge does.

