Specimens of primocane and voucher material used in the population studies have been placed in the University of New Hampshire Herbarium.

The authors wish to thank the curators of the Harvard Herbarium and the New England Botanical Club Herbarium for their permission to consult these collections freely.

— DEPARTMENT OF BOTANY, UNIVERSITY OF NEW HAMPSHIRE, DURHAM, NEW HAMPSHIRE AND ST. MARY'S-IN-THE-MOUNTAINS, LITTLETON, NEW HAMPSHIRE.

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FIFTEENTH REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON PLANT DISTRIBUTION

The fourteenth report included the Dicotyledoneae from Papaveraceae through Platanaceae. The present report deals with the genus Carex of the Cyperaceae.

The data for these reports have been compiled from the material found in the herbarium of the New England Botanical Club, in the Gray Herbarium, and in the herbarium of the Peabody Museum at Salem.

PRELIMINARY LISTS OF NEW ENGLAND PLANTS - XL

The sign + indicates that an herbarium specimen has been seen, the sign - that a reliable printed record has been found and the sign * is used for those plants which are not native in the New England area.

CYPERACEAE

Carex abdita Bickn.

Carex abscondita Mackenz.

*Carex acutiformis Ehrh.

		Me.	N. H.	Vt.	Mass.	R. I.	Conn.
Carex a	adusta Boott	+					
Carles Co. Sec. A. L.	aenea Fern.	+	+	+	+		+
	aestivalis M. A. Curtis		+	+	+	-	+
	alata T. & G.				+	+	
	albolutescens Schwein.		+		+	+	
	albursina Sheldon		+	+	+		+
	alopecoidea Tuckerm.	+		+	+		+
111111111111111111111111111111111111111	emphibola Steud. var. rigida ey) Fern.		+		+		+
	amphibola var. turgida Fern.	+	+	+	+		+
	angustior Mackenz.	+	+	+	+	+	+
	annectens Bickn.	+	+	+	+	+	+
	annectens var. xanthocarpa		•				
	n.) Wieg.		+	_	+		+
	aquatilis Wahlenb. var. altior		,				
	b.) Fern.	1		+	+		+
	arcta Boott	1	1	+			1
	arctata Boott	1		1	1	1	
	argyrantha Tuckerm.	1	1	1	1	1	
		1	T	1	1	1	1
	artitecta Meckenz.	T	T	T			
	artitecta var. subtilirostris				-1-		
	Herm.	1			-		
	atherodes Spreng.	+	-1-	-1	- 10-		1
	atlantica Bailey	+	+	+	+		
	atratiformis Britt.	+	+	+	-		1
	aurea Nutt.	1	+	+	+	_	+
	Backii Boott	+	+	+	+		
	Baileyi Britt.		+	+	+		
	Barrattii Schwein. & Torr.						+
	Bebbii Olney	+	+	+	+		+
	Bicknellii Britt.	+	+	+	+	+	+
	Bigelowii Torr.	+	+	+			
	olanda Dew.		+	+	+	+	+
	orevior (Dew.) Mackenz.	+	+	+	+	+	+
	oromoides Schkuhr.	+	+	+	+	+	+
	orunnea Thunb.				+		
	orunnescens (Pers.) Poir.	+	+	+			
	orunnescens var. sphaerostachya						
the second of the second of	kerm.) Kükenth.	+	+	+	+		+
	oullata Schkuhr.	+	+	-	+	+	+
	Bushii Mackenz.				-		+
	Buxbaumii Wahlenb.	+	+	+	+	+	+
	eanescens L.	+	+	+			
	eanescens var. disjuncta Fern.	+	+	+	+	+	+
	canescens var. subloliacea Laestad.	+	+	+	+	+	+
	capillaris L.		+				
Carex	capillaris var. major Blytt	+		+			
Carex o	capitata L.		+		4.5.4		
*Carex	caryophyllea Lat.	+		100	+		
Carex o	castanea Wahlenb.	+	+	+			+
Carex o	cephalantha (Bailey) Bickn.	+	+	+	+	+	+
	cephaloidea Dew.	+	+	+	+	_	+
	cephalophora Muhl.	1		+	+	+	+
				1			
	chordorrhiza L.f.	-		7		1	
	Collinsii Nutt.					+	
Carex	communis Bailey	+	+	+	+	+	+

~		Me.	N. H.	Vt.	Mass.	R. I.	Conn.
	comosa Boott	+	+	+	+	+	+
Seed.	conoidea Schkuhr.	+	+	+	+	+	+
	convoluta Mackenz.	+	+	+	+	+	+
-	X copulata (Bailey) Mackenz.		+	+	+		+
	Crawei Dew.	+					+
	Crawfordii Fern.	+	+	+	+		+
	crinita Lam.	+	+	+	+	+	+
	crinita var. brevicrinis Fern.				+	+	+
	crinita var. gynandra (Schwein.)						
	wein. & Torr.	+	+	+	+	+	+
	crinita var. minor Boott	+	+	+	+		
	crinita var. Porteri (Olney) Fern.	+		+			
	crinita var. simulans Fern.	+	+	+	+		
	cristatella Britt.		+	+	+		+
	cumulata (Bailey) Mackenz.	+	+		+		+
	Davisii Schwein. & Torr.			+	+		+
	debilis Michx.	+		-			
	debilis var. interjecta Bailey		+	+	+		+
	debilis var. Rudgei Bailey	+	+	+	+	+	+
	debilis var. strictior Bailey	+	+	+	+		
	deflexa Hornem.	+	+	+	+		
	demissa Hornem.	+	+	+			+
	Deweyana Schwein.	+	+	+	+	-	+
	diandra Schrank	+	+	+	+		+
	digitalis Willd.	+	+	+	+	+	+
	disperma Dew.	+	+	+	+		+
	eburnea Boott			+	+		+
	elachycarpa Fern.	+					
	Emmonsii Dew.	+	+	+	+	+	+
	exilis Dew.	+	+	+	+	+	
	festucacea Schkuhr.				+		+
	flaccosperma Dew. var. glaucodea						
	ckerm.) Kükenth.		+		+		+
	flava L.	+	+	+	+		+
all	flava var. fertilis Peck	+	+	+	+	+	+
	flava var. gaspensis Fern.	+		+			
	foenea Willd.	+	+	+	+	+	+
	folliculata L.	+	+	+	+	+	+
	formosa Dew.			+	+		+
	Garberi Fern. var. bifaria Fern.	+					
	gracilescens Steud.		+	+	+		+
	gracillima Schwein.	+	+	+	+	+	+
	granularis Muhl.			+	+		+
-	granularis var. Haleana (Olney)						
Port		+	+	+	+		+
Carex	Grayii Carey			+	+		+
Carex	Grayii var. hispidula Gray						+
Carex	gynocrates Wormsk.	+					
Carex	X Hartii Dew.	+	+	+	+		
Carex	Haydenii Dew.	+	+	+	+		+
	hirsutella Mackenz.			+	+		+
	hirta L.				-		
	hirtifolia Mackenz.	1		-1-			1
		T		T	T		-
	Hitchcockiana Dew.			+	+		+
	hormathodes Fern.	+	+		+	+	+
Carex	hormathodes X straminea				+		

	Me.	N. H.	Vt.	Mass.	R. I.	Conn.
Carex Houghtonii Torr.	+	+	+			
Carex Howei Mackenz.	+	+	+	+	+	+
Carex hystricina Muhl.	+	+	+	+	_	+
Carex incomperta Bickn.	+	+		+	+	+
Carex interior Bailey	+	+	+	+	+	+
Carex intumescens Rudge	+	+	+	+	+	+
Carex intumescens var. Fernaldii Bailey	+	+	+	+	,	+
Carex Josselynii (Fern.) Mackenz.	+					
Carex katahdinensis Fern.	+					
Carex X Knieskernii Dew.	+	+	+	+		
Carex lacustris Willd.	+	+	+	+	+	+
Carex laevivaginata (Kükenth.) Mackenz.	+	+	+	+	+	+
Carex lanuginosa Michx.	+	+	+	+	+	+
Carex lasiocarpa Ehrh. var. americana Fern.	+	+	+	+	+	+
Carex laxiculmis Schwein.	+	+	+	+	+	+
Carex laxiflora Lam.	+	+	+	+	+	+
Carex lenticularis Michx.	+	+	+	+		
Carex lenticularis var. albi-montana Dew.		+				
Carex lenticularis var. Blakei Dew.	+	+	+	+		
*Carex leporina L.	+	+		+		
Carex leptalea Wahlenb.	+	+	+	+	+	-1-
Carex leptonervia Fern.	+	+	+	+		-
Carex limosa L.	+	+	+	+		+
Carex livida (Wahlenb.) Willd. var.						*
Grayana (Dew.) Fern.	+		+	+		
Carex Longii Mackenz.	+			+	+	+
Carex lupuliformis Sartwell			+			+
Carex lupulina Muhl.	+	+	+	+	+	+
Carex lupulina var. pedunculata Gray	+	+	+	-	+	1
Carex lurida Wahelenb.	+	+	+	+	+	+
Carex Mackenziei Krecz.	+					
Carex mainensis Porter	+					
Carex Merritt-Fernaldii Mackenz.	+	+	+	+	+	+
Carex mesochorea Mackenz.						
Carex Michauxiana Boeckl.	+	+	+	+		
Carex Mitchelliana M. A. Curtis				+	+	
Carex molesta Mackenz.			+	+		+
Carex Muhlenbergii Schkuhr	+	+	+	+	+	+
Carex Muhlenbergii var. enervis Boott		+	+	+	+	+
Carex nigra (L.) Reichard	+	+	_	+	+	
Carex nigra var. strictiformis (Bailey) Fern.	+	+		+		
Carex nigromarginata Schwein.						+
Carex normalis Mackenz.	+	+	+	+	+	+
Carex novae-angliae Schwein.	+	+	+	+		+
Carex oligocarpa Schkuhr			+	+		+
Carex oligosperma Michx.	+	+	+	+		+
Carex X Olneyi Boott		+		+	+	+
Carex ormostachya Wieg.	+	+	+	+		+
Carex oronensis Fern.	+					
Carex paleacea Wahlenb.	+	+		+		
Carex pallescens L. var. neogaea Fern.	+	+	+	+	1	1
*Carex panicea L.	1	1	1	1		
Carex pauciflora Lightf.		1	1			
		-	1			+
Carex paupercula Michx.	+	+	+	+		
Carex paupercula var. irrigua (Wahlenb.)						
Fern.	+	+	+	+		+

	Me.	N. H.	Vt.	Mass.	R. I.	Conn.
Carex paupercula var. pallens Fern.	+	+	+	+		+
Carex Peckii Howe	+	+	+	+		
Carex pedunculata Muhl.	+	+	+	+		+
Carex pensylvanica Lam.	+	+	+	+	+	+
Carex pensylvanica var. distans Peck	+	+	+	+	+	+
Carex plantagianea Lam.	+	+	+	+		+
Carex platyphylla Carey	+	+	+	+	+	+
Carex polymorpha Muhl.	+	+		+	+	+
Carex prairea Dew.	+		+	+		+
Carex prasina Wahlenb.	+	+	+	+		+
Carex praticola Rydb.	+					
Carex projecta Mackenz.	+	+	+	+		+
Carex Pseudo-Cyperus L.	+	+	+	+		+
Carex X pseudohelvola Kihlm.	+					
Carex radiata (Wahlenb.) Dew.	1	+	+	+		+
Carex radiata (Wahlenb.) Sm.	+		,			
Carex retroflexa Muhl.			_	+	+	+
Carex retronexa Muni. Carex retrorsa Schwein.	+	+	+	+		+
		,	+			
Carex Richardsonii R. Br.	+	+	+	+		+
Carex rosea Schkuhr	+	1	+	+	+	+
Carex rostrata Stokes	1			+		•
Carex rostrata var. ambigens Fern.						
Carex rostrata var. utriculata (Boott)	1		1	+	+	+
Bailey	-1	1	,			
Carex salina Wahlenb. var. kattegatensis	4	1		4		
(Fries) Almq.	-1-	-1		+		
Carex salina X stricta				•		
Carex saxatilis L. var. miliaris (Michx.)	1					
Bailey	1					
Carex saxatilis var. rhomalea Fern.	1	_1_	_	4	+	+
Carex scabrata Schwein.	T		1		1	1
Carex scirpoidea Michx.			1	1		1
Carex Schweinitzii Dew.	-1-	_1_	1	1	4	+
Carex scoparia Schkuhr		7	-	1		
Carex scoparia var. tesselata Fern. & Wieg.				_L		1
Carex seorsa Howe				1		1
Carex X setacea Dew.	1	1	T			1
Carex silicea Olney	-		_1_		1.	1
Carex sparganioides Muhl.			T	I	i.	1
*Carex spicata Huds.	1	T	1	1	1	1
Carex Sprengelii Dew.	-		T	I		1
Carex squarrosa L.	1			1		1
Carex sterilis Willd.		1	1			1
Carex stipata Muhl.	1	7	T		- T	1
Carex straminea Willd.						
Carex striatula Michx.		- 1	Y.		1	T
Carex stricta Lam.	+	+	+			1
Carex stricta var. strictior (Dew.) Carey	+	+	+	-1-	+	
Carex styloflexa Buckl.						
Carex Swanii (Fern.) Mackenz.	+	+	+	+	+	+
Carex tenera Dew.	+	+	+	+	+	+
Carex tenera var. echinodes (Fern.) Wieg.			_			+
Carex tenuiflora Wahlenb.	+		+			
Carex tetanica Schkuhr				+		+
Carex tincta Fern.	+	+	+	+		+
Carex tonsa (Fern.) Bickn.	+	+	+	+	+	+
Carea Comsa (Lein,) Dieni.						

	Me.	N. H.	Vt.	Mass.	R. I.	Conn.
Carex torta Boott	+	+	+	+	-	+
Carex tribuloides Wahlenb.	+	+	+	+	+	+
Carex X trichina Fern.	+					
Carex trichocarpa Muhl.			+	+		+
Carex trisperma Dew.	+	+	+	+	+	+
Carex trisperma var. Billingsii Knight	+	+	+	+	+	+
Carex Tuckermani Boott	+	+	+	+	_	+
Carex typhina Michx.	+		+	+		+
Carex umbellata Schkuhr	+	+	+	+	+	+
Carex vaginata Tausch	+		+			
Carex vesicaria L.	+	+	+	+	+	+
Carex vesicaria var. distenta Fries	+		+			+
Carex vesicaria var. jejuna Fern.	+	+	+	+	+	+
Carex vesicaria var. monile (Tuckerm.)						
Fern.	+	+	+	+	+	+
Carex vesicaria var. Raeana (Boott) Fern.	+	+				
Carex vestita Willd.	+	+		+	+	+
Carex virescens Muhl.	+	+	+	+	+	+
Carex viridula Michx.	+	+	+	+	+	+
Carex vulpinoidea Michx.	+	+	+	+	+	+
Carex Walteriana Bailey var. brevis Bailey				+	_	
Carex Wiegandii Mackenz.	+		+	+		
Carex Willdenowii Schkuhr			+	+		+
Carex Woodii Dew.						+

Carex was treated by Prof. M. L. Fernald in Rhodora 4:218-230. Since then the number of specimens available for study has become very much larger and also there has been a considerable change in nomenclature. It consequently seemed desirable to reevaluate the genus in the light of the more abundant material. At the conclusion of his report Prof. Fernald added "Suggestions for Special Observations". It is interesting to note that in at least half the species cited, the extension of range that he anticipated has been confirmed.

In contrast to the previous reports the number of introduced species is insignificant. There are only seven in our New England area and of these, two were not included in Prof. Fernald's list.

The geographical areas are in general the same as in the previous reports.

I. GENERALLY DISTRIBUTED. — Carex angustior, C. canescens var. disjuncta and var. subloliacea, C. cephalantha, C. crinita and var. gynandra, C. debilis var. Rudgei, C. intumescens, C. lasiocarpa var. americana, C. leptalea, C. limosa, C. pallescens var. neogaea, C. rostrata and var. utriculata, C. stipata, C. striata, C. tenera, C. trisperma and var. Billingsii, C. vulpinoidea.

Carex limosa apparently is absent from southern New Hampshire, southern Connecticut and all of Rhode Island. C. tenera is largely absent from Aroostook County, Maine with only one station at Fort Fairfield, is represented by only one specimen each in Plymouth County at Bridgewater and in Barnstable County at Provincetown, and is absent from Rhode Island.

Ia. GENERAL, EXCEPT CAPE COD. — Carex arctata, C. bromoides, C. brunnescens var. sphaerostachya, C. communis, C. conoidea, C. Deweyana, C. disperma, C. flava and var. fertilis, C. Haydenii, C. hystricina, C. lacustris, C. leptonervia, C. pedunculata, C. projecta, C. scabrata, C. tribuloides, C. vesicaria and vars. monile and jejuna.

Carex bromoides is infrequent north of 45°. C. brunnescens var. sphaerostachya is not yet known from Rhode Island or southern Connecticut. C. conoidea has not been found on Nantucket. C. Deweyana has not yet been reported from Rhode Island or southern Connecticut and only two stations are known in eastern Massachusetts. C. flava, C. hystricina, C. pedunculata and C. projecta are absent from Plymouth and Bristol counties in Massachusetts and from Rhode Island. C. scabrata belongs in this category except for a single specimen from Sandwich, Massachusetts. C. tribuloides occurs on Cape Cod but only at Woods Hole and Falmouth, Massachusetts.

Ib. GENERAL, EXCEPT CAPE COD AND THE MAINE COAST EAST OF THE KENNEBEC RIVER. — Carex torta belongs here but it seems to avoid all the coast from the Quinnipiack River in Connecticut northeastward.

Ic. GENERAL, EXCEPT CAPE COD AND WASHINGTON COUNTY, MAINE.—
Carex abdita, C. convoluta, C. Buxbaumii, C. gracillima, C. interior,
C. stricta var strictior. Although absent from Cape Cod there is a
specimen of C. abdita from Martha's Vineyard. C. convoluta is rare
north of 45°. C. Buxbaumii is a rather uncommon species with only
one station in New Hampshire at Columbia in Coos County, and three
in Vermont. In southern New England it seems to be concentrated
west and north of Boston. There is one specimen of C. interior from
Nantucket. Carex stricta var. strictior, although a rich woods species,
is represented by two specimens from Martha's Vineyard annotated
by K. K. Mackenzie.

IIa. Northern — Not or not much south of 43° . — Carex aenea, C. arcta, C. atratiformis, C. Backii, C. canescens, C. crinita var. minor and var. simulans, C. demissa, C. gynocrates, C. Houghtonii, C. lenticularis and var. Blakei, C. Michauxiana, C. paupercula and var. irrigua, C. Peckii, C. scirpoidea, C. tenuiflora, C. vesicaria var. Raeana, C. Wiegandii. C. atratiformis is infrequent and chiefly calcicolous. Although C. Backii is a northern species it is not represented by any specimen north of 45° . C. demissa is adventive along the coast in southern Connecticut. C. gynocrates apparently is restricted to the calcareous areas of northern Maine with no station south of 45° .

C. scirpoidea is found chiefly in mountainous areas. C. tenuiflora is apparently a species of basic soils and is rare in New England.

IIb. Northern — Numerous stations south of 43° . — Carex Crawfordii, C. deflexa, C. intumescens var. Fernaldii, C. novae-angliae, C. oligosperma, C. ormostachya, C. pauciflora, C. paupercula var. pallens, C. Pseudo-Cyperus, C. retrorsa, C. tincta. C. intumescens var. Fernaldii is absent from Rhode Island and is known from a single station, Colebrook, in northwestern Connecticut. C. ormostachya and C. tincta have their southernmost stations chiefly in western Massachusetts. C. pauciflora, south of 43° , occurs at several stations in western Massachusetts and at one in Norfolk in northwestern Connecticut. C. retrorsa, south of 43° , is confined to and is frequent in western New England.

III. ARCTIC-ALPINE. — Carex Bigelowii, C. brunnescens, C. capillaris, C. capitata, C. lenticularis var. albi-montana, C. katahdinensis, C. mainensis, C. rariflora, C. saxatilis var. miliaris and var. rhomalea. C. Bigelowii is found on some of the lower mountains in northern New England and thus is not exclusively arctic-alpine.

IVa. SOUTHERN — GENERAL SOUTH OF 45°. — Carex artitecta, C. comosa, C. cumulata, C. Emmonsii, C. folliculata, C. lupulina, C. lurida, C. Merritt-Fernaldii, C. pensylvanica, var. distans, C. scoparia, C. tonsa. C. artitecta is very sparsely represented in the three northern states. C. cumulata is absent from Massachusetts west of the Connecticut River except for stations at Sheffield and Mt. Washington. North of 43° C. Emmonsii is entirely coastal except for one station at Burlington, Vermont. C. tonsa is very sparsely represented in the three northern states.

IVb. SOUTHERN — GENERAL SOUTH OF 45° BUT NOT ON MAINE COAST EAST OF THE KENNEBEC RIVER. — Carex annectens and var. xanthocarpa, C. blanda, C. Howei. C. annectens var. xanthocarpa is local with only seven stations.

IVc. Southern — General South of 45° but not in Washington county. — Carex atlantica, C. digitalis, C. pensylvanica, C. Swanii, C. umbellata, C. virescens.

IVd. SOUTHERN — SOUTH OF 45° BUT NOT ON CAPE COD. — Carex argyrantha.

IVe. SOUTHERN — GENERAL SOUTH OF 45° BUT NEITHER ON CAPE COD NOR IN WASHINGTON COUNTY.— Carex brevior, C. cephalophora, C. foenea, C. laxiflora, C. lupulina var. pedunculata, C. normalis, C. platyphylla, C. prasina, C. radiata. C. cephalophora is local north of 43°. C. lupulina var. pedunculata occurs on both Martha's Vineyard and Nantucket but not on Cape Cod.

V. CHIEFLY THE THREE SOUTHERN STATES. — Carex incomperta, C. laevigata, C. laxiculmis, C. Muhlenbergii and var. enervis, C. vestita. C. Muhlenbergii has numerous stations in extreme southwestern Maine

and southeastern New Hampshire and two stations in Vermont. C. Muhlenbergii var. enervis apparently prefers more basic soils.

Va. CHIEFLY THE THREE SOUTHERN STATES BUT NOT IN WESTERN MASSACHUSETTS. — Carex alata, C. bullata, C. Longii. C. alata is confined to eastern Massachusetts and Rhode Island.

Vb. CHIEFLY THE THREE SOUTHERN STATES BUT NOT ON CAPE COD.—
Carex aestivalis, C. flaccosperma var. glaucodea, C. polymorpha, C.
retroflexa, C. seorsa, C. aestivalis is absent from Rhode Island and is
local in northeastern Connecticut.

Vc. CHIEFLY THE THREE SOUTHERN STATES BUT NEITHER CAPE COD NOR WESTERN MASSACHUSETTS. — Carex abscondita, C. Bicknellii, C. festucacea, C. straminea, C. striatula. C. festucacea is infrequent. C. striatula is local with only six stations.

VI. SOUTHWESTERN NEW ENGLAND CHIEFLY. — Carex Bushii, C. Davisii, C. nigromarginata.

VII. WESTERN NEW ENGLAND, CHIEFLY WEST OF THE CONNECTICUT VALLEY. — Carex Baileyi, C. cristatella, C. gracilescens, C. hirsutella, C. squarrosa. C. Baileyi is largely confined to Vermont, save for one station at Cheshire in western Massachusetts and one at Franconia, New Hampshire. C. cristatella occurs chiefly in western New England but with isolated stations in eastern Massachusetts and New Hampshire. C. gracilescens is occasional on basic soils near Boston and occurs at a single station in Coos County and one in Grafton County, New Hampshire. The Boston and Providence stations for C. squarrosa doubtless represent waifs.

VIIIa. Coastal plain proper. — Carex Mitchelliana, C. Walteriana var. brevis.

VIIIb. Coastal plain species that also occurs at Westwood, Massachusetts and at two stations in southeastern New Hampshire.

IXa. CALCICOLOUS — CHIEFLY WEST OF THE CONNECTICUT RIVER IN THE SOUTH, IF IN THE EAST MOSTLY NORTH OF 45°. — Carex albursina, C. alopecoidea, C. amphibola var. rigida and var. turgida, C. capillaris var. major, C. castanea, C. Crawei, C. eburnea, C. elachycarpa, C. flava var. gaspensis, C. formosa, C. Garberi var. bifaria, C. granularis, C. Grayii, C. Hitchcockiana, C. Josselynii, C. lupuliformis, C. oligocarpa, C. Schweinitzii, C. tetanica, C. trichocarpa, C. typhina, C. vaginata.

The majority of these calciphiles occur only in the limestone area of western New England. C. alopecoidea has one station at Vassalboro, Kennebec County, Maine. C. amphibola var. turgida is of more northern distribution than var. rigida which has not been reported north of 43° 30". C. capillaris var. major, C. Garberi var. bifaria, C. elachycarpa, C. flava var. gaspensis and C. Josselynii are restricted to the calcareous regions of Aroostook County, Maine. C. castanea occurs in limy areas in both western and northern New England.

C. Crawei has been reported from only four stations, two in the Aroostook Valley and two in the upper Housatonic Valley in Connecticut. C. trichocarpa is absent from most of Vermont. Apparently the only station east of the Connecticut River for C. typhina is the one at Leeds, Maine.

IXb. Plants of Basic soils, not necessarily limestones. — Carex aquatilis var. altior, C. aurea, C. Bebbii, C. cephaloidea, C. diandra, C. granularis var. Haleana, C. hirtifolia, C. lanuginosa, C. plantaginea, C. prairea, C. rosea, C. sparganioides, C. Sprengellii, C. Tuckermani. C. aurea in our area is not necessarily a cacliphile. C. Bebbii is infrequent and is not reported from Rhode Island or eastern Connecticut. C. cephaloidea, C. hirtifolia and C. sparganioides are rich woods plants not collected north of 45°. C. plantaginea is an inland species with no stations on the coast. It is rare north of 45°.

Xa. MARITIME IN VICINITY OF COAST.—Carex hormathodes, C. Mackenziei, C. paleacea, C. salina var. kattegatensis, C. silicea. A hybrid of C. hormathodes and C. straminea has been found on Nantucket. C. Mackenziei is northern and has not been reported south of York County, Maine. C. paleacea is northern extending southward to Plymouth, Massachusetts. C. salina var. kattegatensis is also northern and is absent south of Boston. A hybrid of C. salina var. kattegatensis and C. stricta is reported from Arlington and Medford, Massachusetts.

Xb. MARITIME WITH INLAND STATIONS. — Carex nigra and var. strictiformis. The latter has a similar distribution, but is much less common.

XI. MISCELLANEOUS. — Carex adusta, C. artitecta var subtilirostris, C. atheroides, C. Barrattii, C. chordorhiza, C. Collinsii, C.x copulata, C. crinita var. brevirostris and var. Porteri, C. debilis and var. interjecta and var. strictior, C. exilis, C. Grayii var. hispidula, C.x Hartii, C.x Knieskernii, C. livida var. Grayana, C. mesochorea, C. molesta, C.x Olneyi, C. oronensis, C. praticola, C.x pseudohelvola, C. Richardsonii, C. rostrata var. ambigens, C. salina x stricta, C. scoparia var. tesselata, C.x setacea, C. sterilis, C. tenera var. echinoides, C.x trichina, C. vesicaria var. distenta, C. viridula, C. Willdenowii, C. Woodii.

C. adusta occurs only east of the Penobscot River near the coast. C. artitecta var. subtilirostris has only one station at Malden in eastern Massachusetts. C. atheroides has only one station at Rockland, Maine and is possibly a waif. C. Barrattii and C. Collinsii are southern in distribution reaching their northeastern limit in Connecticut and Rhode Island. C. chordorrhiza is a northern species and very local, occurring only in eastern Maine and western Vermont. C.x copulata is reported from four stations, Grafton, New Hampshire; Newfane, Vermont; Sandisfield, Massachusetts, and Waterford, Connecticut. C. crinita var. brevirostris occurs only at Cohasset, Massachusetts; Providence, Rhode Island, and Bridgeport and Danbury, Connecticut.

C. crinita var. Porteri has two stations, Monhegan, Maine, and Hancock, Vermont. C. debilis has been found on Martha's Vineyard and Nantucket only. C. debilis var. interjecta has three stations in New Hampshire, one at South Burlington, Vermont, seven in Massachusetts and one in Connecticut. C. debilis var. striction has one station in Maine at Brownville, eleven in New Hampshire, one at Willoughby, Vermont and one at Bellingham, Massachusetts. C. exilis is concentrated in northeastern Massachusetts but otherwise has only widely scattered stations. C. Grayii var. hispidula has two stations, Hartford and Middletown, Connecticut. C.x Hartii has seven scattered stations in New England. C.x Knieskernii is represented by only five stations in our whole area. C. livida var. Grayana, a calcicolous species, is placed here as in all New England there are only six stations, two in Aroostook County, Maine, one in western Vermont and three in northeastern Massachusetts. C. mesochorea is cited in Gray's Manual from Massachusetts but no specimen has been seen. C. molesta has only four stations in New England, Concord, Massachusetts; Ferrisburg, Vermont, and Bethlehem and Southington, Connecticut, C.x Olneyi has twelve stations in southeastern New England. C. oronensis seems to be endemic along the lower Penobscot River in Maine. C. praticola is a northern species at its southern limit with two stations only in northern Maine, at Island Falls and Masardis, both in Aroostook County. C.x pseudohelvola has two stations in extreme southeastern Maine at Moose Island and Pembroke. C. Richardsonii is represented by a single station at Mt. Equinox in Manchester, Vermont where it is abundant. C. rostrata var. ambigens has three stations, at St. Francis, Maine and Monterey and Springfield, Massachusetts. C. salina x stricta was collected in 1858 at Medford and in 1887 at Arlington in eastern Massachusetts. C. scoparia var. tesselata has three stations on the Maine coast east of the Penobscot River. C.x setacea is apparently a hybrid with only four stations in our area. C. sterilis has one station at Presque Isle in northeastern Maine and three in Connecticut. C. tenera var. echinoides has three stations only, one at South Hero, Vermont and two in Connecticut at East Hampton and North Canaan. C.x trichina has been collected at two stations in the Aroostook Valley, Maine at Chapman and Fort Fairfield. C. vesicaria var. distenta has only ten widely scattered stations. Perhaps this should be recognized only as a form and not as a good variety. C. viridula is placed in this category as it is in part coastal and in part inland chiefly calciphile. Possibly this species requires further study. C. Willdenowii has four stations only in New England, one at Sudbury in western Vermont, two at Malden and Randolph in eastern Massachusetts and one at East Haven in southern Connecticut. C. Woodii has two stations only at Salisbury and New Milford in extreme western Connecticut.

XII. INTRODUCED SPECIES. — Carex acutiformis, C. brunnea, C. caryophyllea, C. hirta, C. leporina, C. panicea, C. spicata. C. acutiformis is reported only from the vicinity of Boston. C. brunnea has been collected but once — at Salem, Massachusetts. —

R. C. BEAN, A. F. HILL, R. J. EATON

OCCURRENCE OF SPECIES OF POLYCARPAEA LAM. (CARYOPHYLLACEAE) IN NORTH AMERICA

OLGA LAKELA

Plants unknown to the author were discovered in a marginal area of sandhill off Overlook Drive, adjacent to the business district of Temple Terrace, Tampa, Florida. The plants, reminiscent of *Paronychieae*, were localized in openings of the vegetation, prevailingly of grasses and composites, and a few dwarf live oak. Their compact clusters of silver white cymes in late anthesis and in fruit, gave a touch of luster to the nondescript background. Collection no. 23410 was made October 15, 1960. Subsequently, nos. 24530, August 7, and 24779, October 18, 1961, were collected from the same site.

In the meantime, a search of the area revealed a wider distribution, east of Overlook Drive and 56th Street. The plant is well established on a grassy terrace adjoining the grounds of Temple Terrace School southside, and in the margin of a field about 1 block north of the school. Its sporadic occurrence was discovered in the area embracing largely the abandoned Henderson Hillsborough International Airport, extending over two miles northwest from Temple Terrace. There it is surviving in grassy and weedy vegetation along the old runways and road boulevards. Collection no. 24916, March 18, 1962 consists of post-mature plants with clusters of cymes, faded in everlasting fashion.

Discovery of the novelty raised the question of its specific identity. Dr. Carroll E. Wood, Jr., referred it tentatively to Polycarpaea corymbosa (L.) Lam. (Achyranthes corym-